

# THE **laminex** GROUP

### Laminex Finished DTV - Sandblasted / Waxed - Sheet

### The Laminex Group

Chemwatch: **6613-19**Version No: **5.1.1.1**Safety Data Sheet according to WHS and ADG requirements

### Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 1

Issue Date: 11/03/2014 Print Date: 15/06/2014 Initial Date: Not Available L.GHS.AUS.EN

### SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

### **Product Identifier**

Product name	Laminex Finished DTV - Sandblasted / Waxed - Sheet
Chemical Name	Not Applicable
Synonyms	Laminex Finished Designed Timber Veneers - Sandblasted / Waxed - Sheet
Proper shipping name	Not Applicable
Chemical formula	Not Applicable
Other means of identification	Not Available
CAS number	Not Applicable

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses For use on interior vertical surfaces and light use horizontal surfaces.

### Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
Registered company name	The Laminex Group	
Address	90-94 Tram Road Doncaster 3108 VIC Australia	
Telephone	+61 3 9848 4811	
Fax	+61 3 9840 6513	
Website	www.thelaminexgroup.com.au	
Email	Not Available	

### Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	Not Available				
		I .	I .		
Emergency telephone numbers	Not Available	1	1 1 1		
Other emergency telephone numbers	Not Available	1 1 1	1 1 1		

### **CHEMWATCH EMERGENCY RESPONSE**

Primary Number	Alternative Number 1	Alternative Number 2		
1800 039 008	+612 9186 1132	Not Available		

Once connected and if the message is not in your prefered language then please dial 01

### **SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

### Classification of the substance or mixture

NON-HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL. NON-DANGEROUS GOODS. According to the Model WHS Regulations and the ADG Code.

Poisons Schedule	Not Applicable
GHS Classification	Not Applicable

### Page 2 of 9

Issue Date: 11/03/2014 Print Date: 15/06/2014 Laminex Finished DTV - Sandblasted / Waxed - Sheet

### Label elements

Not Applicable **GHS** label elements SIGNAL WORD NOT APPLICABLE

### Hazard statement(s)

Not Applicable

### Supplementary statement(s)

Not Applicable

### CLP classification (additional)

Not Applicable

### Precautionary statement(s): Prevention

Not Applicable

Total philosophia					
P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.				
P102 Keep out of reach of children.					
P103	Read label before use.				

Precautionary statement(s): Response

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s): Storage

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s): Disposal

Not Applicable

### **SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

### Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

### **Mixtures**

CAS No	%[weight]	Name		
Not Available	60-80	timber veneer of nominated species		
	NotSpec.	backing substrate containing		
	NotSpec.	impregnated with a phenolic resin		
	NotSpec.	may contain residual		
108-95-2	NotSpec.	phenol		
Not Available	<5	surface coating and sealer containing residual quantities of		
1330-20-7	NotSpec.	<u>xylene</u>		
108-88-3	NotSpec.	toluene		
26471-62-5	NotSpec.	toluene diisocyanate		
	NotSpec.	covered with a peel off plastic sheet		
backing substrate containing covered w	vith a peel off plastic sheet	<u>'</u>		

**SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES** 

### Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with eyes:  • Wash out immediately with water.  • If irritation continues, seek medical attention.  • Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.  • Generally not applicable.
Skin Contact	If skin contact occurs:  ▶ Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear.  ▶ Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available).  ▶ Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area.</li> <li>Other measures are usually unnecessary.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	<ul> <li>Immediately give a glass of water.</li> <li>First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.</li> </ul>

### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

Version No: **5.1.1.1** 

### Laminex Finished DTV - Sandblasted / Waxed - Sheet

Issue Date: **11/03/2014**Print Date: **15/06/2014** 

### **SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

### **Extinguishing media**

- Foam.
- Dry chemical powder.
- ▶ BCF (where regulations permit).
- Carbon dioxide

### Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility

Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may result

### Advice for firefighters

### Fire Fighting

- Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.
- Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves.
- Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses.
- ▶ Use water delivered as a fine spray to control fire and cool adjacent area.

Combustible. Will burn if ignited. Combustion products include:

carbon monoxide (CO)

carbon dioxide (CO2)

Fire/Explosion Hazard

isocyanates

and minor amounts of

,

hydrogen cyanide

other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material

### **SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

### Minor Spills

- Clean up all spills immediately.
- Secure load if safe to do so.
- Bundle/collect recoverable product.
   Collect remaining material in containers with covers for disposal.

### Major Spills

### Minor hazard.

- Clear area of personnel.Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.
- ▶ Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment as required.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the MSDS.

### **SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE**

### Precautions for safe handling

### Safe handling

- Avoid generating and breathing dust
- Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
- ▶ Wear nominated personal protective equipment when handling.
- Use in a well-ventilated area.Use good occupational work practices.

Other information

▶ Store away from incompatible materials.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	No restriction on the type of containers. Packing as recommended by manufacturer. Check all material is clearly labelled.
Storage incompatibility	► Avoid reaction with oxidising agents

PACKAGE MATERIAL INCOMPATIBILITIES

Not Available

### **SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

### **Control parameters**

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes

# Version No: 5.1.1.1

# Laminex Finished DTV - Sandblasted / Waxed - Sheet

Issue Date: 11/03/2014 Print Date: 15/06/2014

Australia Exposure Standards	phenol	Phenol	4 mg/m3 / 1 ppm	Not Available	Not Available	Sk
Australia Exposure Standards	xylene	Xylene (o-, m-, p- isomers)	350 mg/m3 / 80 ppm	655 mg/m3 / 150 ppm	Not Available	Not Available
Australia Exposure Standards	toluene	Toluene	191 mg/m3 / 50 ppm	574 mg/m3 / 150 ppm	Not Available	Sk
Australia Exposure Standards	toluene diisocyanate	Isocyanates, all (as-NCO)	0.02 mg/m3	0.07 mg/m3	Not Available	Sen

### **EMERGENCY LIMITS**

Ingredient	TEEL-0	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
phenol	5 ppm	15 ppm	23 ppm	200 ppm
xylene	100 ppm	130 ppm	920 ppm	2500 ppm
toluene	200 ppm	200 ppm	510 ppm	2900 ppm
toluene diisocyanate	0.25 / 0.005 ppm	0.02 / 0.75 ppm	0.083 / 1.5 ppm	0.51 / 1.5 ppm

Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH
timber veneer of nominated species	Not Available	Not Available
phenol	250 ppm	250 [Unch] ppm
surface coating and sealer containing residual quantities of	Not Available	Not Available
xylene	1,000 ppm	900 ppm
toluene	2,000 ppm	500 ppm
toluene diisocyanate	Not Available	Not Available

Sensory irritants are chemicals that produce temporary and undesirable side-effects on the eyes, nose or throat. Historically occupational exposure standards for these irritants have been based on observation of workers' responses to various airborne concentrations. Present day expectations require that nearly every individual should be protected against even minor sensory irritation and exposure standards are established using uncertainty factors or safety factors of 5 to 10 or more. On occasion animal no-observable-effect-levels (NOEL) are used to determine these limits where human results are unavailable.

### **Exposure controls**

### Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection. The basic types of engineering controls are:

Process controls which involve changing the way a job activity or process is done to reduce the risk.

Enclosure and/or isolation of emission source which keeps a selected hazard "physically" away from the worker and ventilation that strategically "adds" and "removes" air in the work environment.

### Personal protection









- Safety glasses with side shields
- Chemical goggles Eye and face protection
  - Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task.

### Skin protection

- Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC.
- Wear safety footwear or safety gumboots, e.g. Rubber

### Hands/feet protection

### NOTE:

Fig. 12 The material may produce skin sensitisation in predisposed individuals. Care must be taken, when removing gloves and other protective equipment, to avoid all possible skin contact.

▶ Contaminated leather items, such as shoes, belts and watch-bands should be removed and destroyed.

## **Body protection**

See Other protection below

### Other protection

- Overalls. P.V.C. apron.
- Barrier cream.

|When cutting wear approved dust respirator to avoid inhalation of wood dust created during the cutting process.

### Thermal hazards

Not Available

### Recommended material(s)

### GLOVE SELECTION INDEX

Glove selection is based on a modified presentation of the:

### "Forsberg Clothing Performance Index".

generated selection:

Laminex Finished DTV - Sandblasted / Waxed - Sheet

Material	СРІ
PE/EVAL/PE	A
VITON	A
TEFLON	В

### Respiratory protection

Type A Filter of sufficient capacity. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:2001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)

Where the concentration of gas/particulates in the breathing zone, approaches or exceeds the "Exposure Standard" (or ES), respiratory protection is required.

Degree of protection varies with both face-piece and Class of filter; the nature of protection varies with Type of filter.

Version No: **5.1.1.1** 

### Laminex Finished DTV - Sandblasted / Waxed - Sheet

Issue Date: 11/03/2014 Print Date: 15/06/2014

BUTYL	С
	-
BUTYL/NEOPRENE	С
NATURAL RUBBER	С
NATURAL+NEOPRENE	С
NEOPRENE	С
NEOPRENE/NATURAL	С
PVA	С
SARANEX-23	С
VITON/CHLOROBUTYL	С
VITON/NEOPRENE	С

<sup>\*</sup> CPI - Chemwatch Performance Index

**NOTE**: As a series of factors will influence the actual performance of the glove, a final selection must be based on detailed observation. -

Protection Factor			
up to 10 x ES	A-AUS	-	A-PAPR-AUS / Class 1
up to 50 x ES	-	A-AUS / Class 1	-
up to 100 x ES	-	A-2	A-PAPR-2 ^

### ^ - Full-face

A(All classes) = Organic vapours, B AUS or B1 = Acid gasses, B2 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), B3 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), E = Sulfur dioxide(SO2), G = Agricultural chemicals, K = Ammonia(NH3), Hg = Mercury, NO = Oxides of nitrogen, MB = Methyl bromide, AX = Low boiling point organic compounds(below 65 deqC)

### **SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Multilaminar wood veneer.		
т <b>р</b> ром шес			
Physical state	Manufactured	Relative density (Water = 1)	Not Available
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	Not Applicable	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Applicable
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	Not Applicable	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Applicable
Flash point (°C)	Not Applicable	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Applicable	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Applicable	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Applicable
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Applicable	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water (g/L)	Immiscible	pH as a solution(1%)	Not Applicable
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Applicable	VOC g/L	Not Available

### **SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	Product is considered stable and hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

### **SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### Information on toxicological effects

models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable control measures be used in an occupational setting.

New boards or packaged item freshly opened may have a solvent odour which will dissipate with ventilation. When cutting with blunt tools or ventilation.

|New boards or packaged item freshly opened may have a solvent odour which will dissipate with ventilation.|When cutting with blunt tools or when cutting speeds are low some odours may be given off.|Atmosphere should be checked and if necessary suitable arrangements made to reduce the level of vapours in the breathing zone for persons working in the area.

The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract (as classified by EC Directives using animal

Ingestion

The material has **NOT** been classified by EC Directives or other classification systems as "harmful by ingestion". This is because of the lack of corroborating animal or human evidence. The material may still be damaging to the health of the individual, following ingestion, especially where pre-existing organ (e.g liver, kidney) damage is evident. Present definitions of harmful or toxic substances are generally based on doses producing mortality rather than those producing morbidity (disease, ill-health).

A: Best Selection

B: Satisfactory; may degrade after 4 hours continuous immersion

C: Poor to Dangerous Choice for other than short term immersion

<sup>\*</sup> Where the glove is to be used on a short term, casual or infrequent basis, factors such as "feel" or convenience (e.g. disposability), may dictate a choice of gloves which might otherwise be unsuitable following long-term or frequent use. A qualified practitioner should be consulted.

Page 6 of 9 Issue Date: 11/03/2014 Version No: 5.1.1.1 Print Date: 15/06/2014 Laminex Finished DTV - Sandblasted / Waxed - Sheet

Skin contact is not thought to have harmful health effects (as classified under EC Directives); the material may still produce health damage Skin Contact following entry through wounds, lesions or abrasions. Although the material is not thought to be an irritant (as classified by EC Directives), direct contact with the eye may produce transient discomfort Eve characterised by tearing or conjunctival redness (as with windburn). This manufactured article is considered to have low hazard potential if handling and personal protection recommendations are followed. The sealer for the the final topcoat contains toluene diisocyanate, which is s skin sensitiser, but this is expected to be fully reacted. When cutting Chronic new sheets there is a miniscule possibility that free isocyanate may be available - care should be taken and correct safety procedures followed to minimise exposure. IRRITATION TOXICITY Laminex Finished DTV - Sandblasted / Waxed - Sheet Not Available Not Available TOXICITY **IRRITATION** Dermal (rabbit) LD50: 850 mg/kg Eye(rabbit): 100 mg rinse - mild Inhalation (rat) LC50: 316 mg/m3 Eye(rabbit): 5 mg - SEVERE phenol Oral (human) LDLo: 140 mg/kg Skin(rabbit): 500 mg open -SEVERE Oral (rat) LD50: 317 mg/kg Skin(rabbit): 500 mg/24hr - SEVERE Not Available Not Available **TOXICITY IRRITATION** Inhalation (Guinea pig) LC: 450 ppm/4h Eye (human): 200 ppm irritant Inhalation (human) TCLo: 200 ppm Eye (rabbit): 5 mg/24h SEVERE Inhalation (Human) TCLo: 200 ppm/4h Eye (rabbit): 87 mg mild Inhalation (man) LCLo: 10000 ppm/6h Skin (rabbit):500 mg/24h moderate Inhalation (rat) LC50: 5000 ppm/4h Intraperitoneal (Mouse) LD50: 1548 mg/kg xylene Intraperitoneal (Rat) LD50: 2459 mg/kg Intravenous (Rabbit) LD: 129 mg/kg Oral (Human) LD: 50 mg/kg Oral (human) LDLo: 50 mg/kg Oral (Mouse) LD50: 2119 mg/kg Oral (rat) LD50: 4300 mg/kg Subcutaneous (Rat) LD50: 1700 mg/kg Not Available Not Available TOXICITY IRRITATION Dermal (rabbit) LD50: 12124 mg/kg Eye (rabbit): 2mg/24h - SEVERE Inhalation (human) TCLo: 100 ppm Eye (rabbit):0.87 mg - mild Inhalation (man) TCLo: 200 ppm Eye (rabbit):100 mg/30sec - mild toluene Inhalation (rat) LC50: >26700 ppm/1h Skin (rabbit):20 mg/24h-moderate Oral (human) LDLo: 50 mg/kg Skin (rabbit):500 mg - moderate Oral (rat) LD50: 636 mg/kg Not Available Not Available IRRITATION TOXICITY toluene diisocyanate Not Available Not Available Not available. Refer to individual constituents The material may produce severe irritation to the eye causing pronounced inflammation. Repeated or prolonged exposure to irritants may **PHENOL** produce conjunctivitis The material may produce severe skin irritation after prolonged or repeated exposure, and may produce a contact dermatitis (nonallergic). This form of dermatitis is often characterised by skin redness (erythema) thickening of the epidermis.

The material may produce severe irritation to the eye causing pronounced inflammation. Repeated or prolonged exposure to irritants may

dermatitis is often characterised by skin redness (erythema) and swelling the epidermis.

The material may cause skin irritation after prolonged or repeated exposure and may produce a contact dermatitis (nonallergic). This form of

produce conjunctivitis.

Reproductive effector in rats

**XYLENE** 

### Page 7 of 9

Issue Date: **11/03/2014**Print Date: **15/06/2014** 

### Laminex Finished DTV - Sandblasted / Waxed - Sheet

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TOLUENE	The material may cause skin irritation after prolonged or repeated exposure and may produce a contact dematitis (nonallergic). This form of dermatitis is often characterised by skin redness (erythema) and swelling the epidermis. Histologically there may be intercellular oedema of the spongy layer (spongiosis) and intracellular oedema of the epidermis.  For toluene:  Acute Toxicity  Humans exposed to intermediate to high levels of toluene for short periods of time experience adverse central nervous system effects ranging from headaches to intoxication, convulsions, narcosis, and death.		
TOLUENE DIISOCYANATE	The following information refers to contact allergens as a group and may not be specific to this product.  Contact allergies quickly manifest themselves as contact eczema, more rarely as urticaria or Quincke's oedema. The pathogenesis of contact eczema involves a cell-mediated (T lymphocytes) immune reaction of the delayed type. Other allergic skin reactions, e.g. contact urticaria, involve antibody-mediated immune reactions.		
Acute Toxicity	0	Carcinogenicity	0
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	0	Reproductivity	0
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	0	STOT - Single Exposure	0
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	0	STOT - Repeated Exposure	0
Mutagenicity	0	Aspiration Hazard	0

### **CMR STATUS**

CARCINOGEN	toluene diisocyanate	Australia Exposure Standards - Carcinogens Carc. 2	
SKIN	phenol	Australia Exposure Standards - Skin	Sk
	toluene	Australia Exposure Standards - Skin	Sk

### **SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### Toxicity

### NOT AVAILABLE

1						
Ingredient	Endpoint	Test Duration	Effect	Value	Species	BCF
timber veneer of nominated species	Not Available					
phenol	Not Available					
surface coating and sealer containing residual quantities of	Not Available					
xylene	Not Available					
toluene	Not Available					
toluene diisocyanate	Not Available					

### Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air	
Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	

### Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
Not Available	Not Available

### Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
Not Available	Not Available

### **SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

### Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal

- Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options.
- ▶ Consult State Land Waste Authority for disposal.
- Bury or incinerate residue at an approved site.
- ▶ Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill.

### **SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

### Labels Required

Labels Required						
	Marine Pollutant	NO				
	HAZCHEM	Not Applicable				

Issue Date: 11/03/2014 Print Date: 15/06/2014

Land transport (ADG): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73 / 78 and the IBC code

Source	Ingredient	Pollution Category	Residual Concentration - Outside Special Area (% w/w)	Residual Concentration
40-7-4-8-0-0-AA-20140404	phenol	Υ	Not Available	Not Available
40-7-4-8-0-0-AA-20140404	xylene	Υ	Not Available	Not Available
40-7-4-8-0-0-AA-20140404	toluene	Υ	Not Available	Not Available
40-7-4-8-0-0-AA-20140404	toluene diisocyanate	Υ	Not Available	Not Available

### **SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION**

### Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

# phenol(108-95-2) is found on the following regulatory lists

"Australia - Victoria Occupational Health and Safety Regulations - Schedule 9: Materials at Major Hazard Facilities (And Their Threshold Quantity) Table 2","IOFI Global Reference List of Chemically Defined Substances","IMO MARPOL 73/78 (Annex II) - List of Noxious Liquid Substances Carried in Bulk", "International Maritime Dangerous Goods Requirements (IMDG Code) - Substance Index", "Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 4","Australia Exposure Standards","Australia Approved Active Constituents for Agricultural Chemical Products", "FisherTransport Information", "Australia Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) - List of Emergency Action Codes", "United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods Model Regulations (English)", "OECD List of High Production Volume (HPV) Chemicals", "Joint FAO/WHO Expert Committee on Food Additives (JECFA) - Specifications for Flavourings", "International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs", "Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)", "Belgium Federal Public Service Mobility and Transport, Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail - Table A: Dangerous Goods List - RID 2013 (Dutch)", "Australia - Australian Capital Territory - Environment Protection Regulation: Pollutants entering waterways taken to cause environmental harm (Aquatic habitat)", "UNECE - Kiev Protocol on Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers - Annex II", "Australia National Pollutant Inventory", "OECD Existing Chemicals Database", "Sigma-AldrichTransport Information", "Australia High Volume Industrial Chemical List (HVICL)", "Australia Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority (APVM) Record of approved active constituents", "United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods Model Regulations (Spanish)","Australia Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) - Dangerous Goods List","Australia - Australian Capital Territory - Environment Protection Regulation: Ambient environmental standards (AQUA/1 to 6 - non-pesticide anthropogenic organics)","Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Appendix E (Part 2)", "GESAMP/EHS Composite List - GESAMP Hazard Profiles", "International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations", "Australia Hazardous Substances Information System - Consolidated Lists","International Fragrance Association (IFRA) Survey: Transparency List","IMO IBC Code Chapter 17: Summary of minimum requirements", "Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 6"

# xylene(1330-20-7) is found on the following regulatory lists

"Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 5","International Council of Chemical Associations (ICCA) - High Production Volume List" "IMO MARPOL 73/78 (Annex II) - List of Noxious Liquid Substances Carried in Bulk", "International Maritime Dangerous Goods Requirements (IMDG Code)", "Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Appendix F (Part 3)","International Maritime Dangerous Goods Requirements (IMDG Code) - Substance Index","Australia Exposure Standards", "OSPAR List of Chemicals for Priority Action", "IMO Provisional Categorization of Liquid Substances - List 3: (Tradenamed) mixtures containing at least 99% by weight of components already assessed by IMO, presenting safety hazards", "FisherTransport Information","Australia FAISD Handbook - First Aid Instructions, Warning Statements, and General Safety Precautions","Australia Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) - List of Emergency Action Codes", "United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods Model Regulations (English)", "OECD List of High Production Volume (HPV) Chemicals", "International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs", "Australia Drinking Water Guideline Values For Physical and Chemical Characteristics", "Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)","Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Appendix I","Belgium Federal Public Service Mobility and Transport, Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail -Table A: Dangerous Goods List - RID 2013 (Dutch)","Australia National Pollutant Inventory","UNECE - Kiev Protocol on Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers - Annex II", "Australia - Australian Capital Territory - Environment Protection Regulation: Pollutants entering waterways taken to cause environmental harm - Domestic water supply quality", "OECD Existing Chemicals Database", "WHO Guidelines for Drinking-water Quality - Guideline values for chemicals that are of health significance in drinking-water", "Australia High Volume Industrial Chemical List (HVICL)", "United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods Model Regulations (Spanish)", "Australia Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) - Dangerous Goods List", "Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) -Appendix E (Part 2)","GESAMP/EHS Composite List - GESAMP Hazard Profiles","Australia Hazardous chemicals requiring Health Monitoring", "International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations", "Australia Hazardous Substances Information System - Consolidated Lists","International Fragrance Association (IFRA) Survey: Transparency List","IMO IBC Code Chapter 17: Summary of minimum requirements", "Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 6", "Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 6", "Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 6", "Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 6", "Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 6", "Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 6", "Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 6", "Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 6", "Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 6", "Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling for the Unifor Australian Capital Territory - Environment Protection Regulation: Ambient environmental standards (Domestic water supply - organic compounds)","Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 7"

# toluene(108-88-3) is found on the following regulatory lists

"Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 5","Australia Illicit Drug Reagents/Essential Chemicals - Category III", "IMO MARPOL 73/78 (Annex II) - List of Noxious Liquid Substances Carried in Bulk", "International Maritime Dangerous Goods Requirements (IMDG Code)","Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) Appendix F (Part 3)","Australia Customs (Prohibited Exports) Regulations 1958 - Schedule 9 Precursor substances - Part 2","United Nations Convention Against Illicit Traffic in Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances - Table II", "International Maritime Dangerous Goods Requirements (IMDG Code) - Substance Index", "Australia Exposure Standards", "OSPAR List of Chemicals for Priority Action", "IMO Provisional Categorization of Liquid Substances - List 3: (Trade-named) mixtures containing at least 99% by weight of components already assessed by IMO, presenting safety hazards", "FisherTransport Information", "Australia FAISD Handbook - First Aid Instructions, Warning Statements, and General Safety Precautions", "Australia Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) - List of Emergency Action Codes", "United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods Model Regulations (English)","United Nations Consolidated List of Products Whose Consumption and/or Sale Have Been Banned, Withdrawn, Severely Restricted or Not Approved by Governments", "OECD List of High Production Volume (HPV) Chemicals", "International Fragrance Association (IFRA) Standards Prohibited", "International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs","Australia Drinking Water Guideline Values For Physical and Chemical Characteristics", "Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)", "Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Appendix I", "Belgium Federal Public Service Mobility and Transport, Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail - Table A: Dangerous Goods List - RID 2013 (Dutch)", "Australia - Australian Capital Territory - Environment Protection Regulation: Pollutants entering waterways taken to cause environmental harm (Aquatic habitat)","International Society of Automotive Engineers (SAE) Declarable Substances Chemical List - ARP9536", "UNECE - Kiev Protocol on Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers -Annex II"."Australia National Pollutant Inventory"."Australia - Australian Capital Territory - Environment Protection Regulation: Pollutants

Chemwatch: **6613-19**Page **9** of **9**Issue Date: **11/03/2014**Version No: **5.1.1.1**Print Date: **15/06/2014** 

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Substances Under International Control (Red List) - Table II"

entering waterways taken to cause environmental harm - Domestic water supply quality", "OECD Existing Chemicals Database", "Sigma-AldrichTransport Information", "WHO Guidelines for Drinking-water Quality - Guideline values for chemicals that are of health significance in drinking-water", "Australia High Volume Industrial Chemical List (HVICL)", "United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods Model Regulations (Spanish)", "Australia Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) - Dangerous Goods List", "Australia - Australian Capital Territory - Environment Protection Regulation: Ambient environmental standards (AQUA/1 to 6 - non-pesticide anthropogenic organics)", "Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Appendix E (Part 2)", "GESAMP/EHS Composite List - GESAMP Hazard Profiles", "Australia Hazardous chemicals requiring Health Monitoring", "International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations", "Australia Hazardous Substances Information System - Consolidated Lists", "IMO IBC Code Chapter 17: Summary of minimum requirements", "Acros Transport Information", "Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 6", "Australia - Australian Capital Territory - Environment Protection Regulation: Ambient environmental standards (Domestic water supply - organic compounds)", "Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) -

Schedule 7","United Nations List of Precursors and Chemicals Frequently used in the Illicit Manufacture of Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic

toluene diisocyanate(26471-62-5) is found on the following regulatory lists

"Australia - Victoria Occupational Health and Safety Regulations - Schedule 9: Materials at Major Hazard Facilities (And Their Threshold Quantity) Table 2","International Council of Chemical Associations (ICCA) - High Production Volume List", "International Maritime Dangerous Goods Requirements (IMDG Code)","IMO MARPOL 73/78 (Annex II) - List of Noxious Liquid Substances Carried in Bulk","Australia Hazardous Substances Requiring Health Surveillance", "Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) -Appendix F (Part 3)", "Australia - Victoria Occupational Health and Safety Regulations - Schedule 9: Materials at Major Hazard Facilities (And Their Threshold Quantity) Table 1"."Australia - New South Wales Protection of the Environment Operations (Waste) Regulation 2005 - Waste transported within NSW or interstate and required to be tracked","Australia - Western Australia Hazardous Substances Requiring Health Surveillance","International Maritime Dangerous Goods Requirements (IMDG Code) - Substance Index","Australia Exposure Standards","Australia - Northern Territories Work Health and Safety National Uniform Legislation Regulations- Requirements for health monitoring - Hazardous chemicals (other than lead) requiring health monitoring","Australia - Tasmania - Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 - Hazardous Chemicals at Major Hazard Facilities (and their Threshold Quantity) - Table 15.1","Australia - Tasmania Hazardous Substances Requiring Health Surveillance", "Australia - New South Wales - Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011 - Hazardous chemicals at major hazard facilities (and their threshold quantity) - Table 15.1","Australia - South Australia - Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 -Schedule 15—Hazardous chemicals at major hazard facilities (and their threshold quantity) Table 15.1", "FisherTransport Information", "Australia Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) - List of Emergency Action Codes", "United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods Model Regulations (English)", "OECD List of High Production Volume (HPV) Chemicals", "International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs", "Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)", "Australia - South Australia - Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 - Requirements for health monitoring - Hazardous chemicals (other than lead) requiring health monitoring", "Belgium Federal Public Service Mobility and Transport, Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail - Table A: Dangerous Goods List - RID 2013 (Dutch)","Australia - Queensland Work Health and Safety Regulation - Hazardous chemicals (other than lead) requiring health monitoring","Australia Occupational Health and Safety (Commonwealth Employment) (National Standards) Regulations 1994 - Hazardous Substances Reguiring Health Surveillance". "Australia Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011 -Hazardous chemicals (other than lead) requiring health monitoring", "Australia National Pollutant Inventory", "OECD Existing Chemicals Database". "Sigma-AldrichTransport Information". "Australia High Volume Industrial Chemical List (HVICL)". "Australia - New South Wales -Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011 - Requirements for health monitoring -Hazardous chemicals (other than lead) requiring health monitoring","United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods Model Regulations (Spanish)","Australia Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) - Dangerous Goods List", "Australia - Tasmania - Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 - Requirements for Health Monitoring - Hazardous chemicals (other than lead) requiring health monitoring", "Australia Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011 -Hazardous chemicals at major hazard facilities and their threshold quantity","Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Appendix E (Part 2)","GESAMP/EHS Composite List - GESAMP Hazard Profiles","International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations", "Australia Hazardous Substances Information System - Consolidated Lists", "Australia - Queensland Work Health and Safety Regulation - Hazardous chemicals at major hazard facilities (and their threshold quantity)"."Australia - New South Wales Hazardous Substances Requiring Health Surveillance","IMO IBC Code Chapter 17: Summary of minimum requirements","Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 6"

### **SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION**

### Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

A list of reference resources used to assist the committee may be found at:

www.chemwatch.net/references

The (M)SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

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